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TAMIL NADU GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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Part IV—Section 2

Tamil Nadu Acts and Ordinances

The following Act of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly received the assent of the Governor on the 7th April 2023 and is hereby published for general information:—

ACT No. 9 OF 2023.

An Act to prohibit Online gambling and to regulate Online games in the State of Tamil Nadu.

WHEREAS during the recent years online gaming addiction has led many persons to incur unsustainable debt resulting in suicides;

AND WHEREAS addiction to online games have caused financial distress and ruined many families;

AND WHEREAS gaming disorder, predominantly online, has been recognized and included by the World Health Organisation (WHO), in its International Classification of Diseases (11th Revision), which is characterised by a pattern of persistent or recurrent gaming behaviour and is, manifested by impaired control over gaming, increasing priority given to gaming over other activities and continuation of gaming despite the occurrence of negative consequences in personal, family, social, educational, occupational or other important areas of functioning;

Tamil Nadu Act 1 of 2021 AND WHEREAS the Hon'ble High Court of Madras by Common Order dated 03.08.2021 in W.P.No.18022 of 2020, etc, struck down Part II of the Tamil Nadu Gaming and Police Laws (Amendment) Act, 2021, which banned wagering or betting in cyber space, as *ultra vires* the Constitution, with liberty to bring in an appropriate legislation conforming to the constitutional sense of propriety in the field of betting and gambling by the State;

AND WHEREAS the Government constituted a Five Member Committee under the Chairmanship of retired Hon'ble Justice Thiru K. Chandru to advise on enacting a fresh legislation on online games;

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AND WHEREAS the Committee in its report, taking into account the parameters of physical space of operation, time of playing, players' relationship with other players, addiction level, amount of money involved, level of economic activity, scale of organisers' profit and role of credit, has observed that online version of any game cannot be compared with the offline version of the game, except in cases of word games or board games not involving any random outcome generator;

AND WHEREAS the said report further states that in the case of online version of games including online rummy, the algorithm for the random generators are known to the developers and hence are *pseudo* random generators; such games can be played with bots (an autonomous program or character designed to interact with systems or users); no mechanism is available for auditing the centralised server architecture of the gaming systems; and artificial intelligence can be used to manipulate the games and lure the players into continued indulgence;

AND WHEREAS the said report classifies the online games, into two types, namely, one which have minimal or negligible randomness factor and another having random event or count generators which are *pseudo* random and are addictively designed and accordingly recommends to regulate the former and to ban the latter;

AND WHEREAS in a recent survey conducted by the Government among more than two lakh teachers of the School Education department, to study the effects of online games on school students, more than seventy four per cent. of the teachers responded that concentration of students is impacted, sixty seven per cent. of the respondents said that they noticed eye defects, more than seventy four per cent. of them said they noticed decrease in intelligent quotient, writing skills and creativity of students, more than seventy six per cent. said they have noticed significant decrease in self esteem of students, more than seventy seven per cent. said they have noticed increase of anger in students and more than seventy two per cent. said they have noticed indiscipline among students;

AND WHEREAS the Government, on seeking the view of the general public on the proposed legislation, more than ninety nine per cent. that is, 10,708 out of the total 10,735 mails received, have requested for imposing a total ban on online games;

AND WHEREAS seventeen stakeholders comprising of representatives from the online gaming industry, think tanks, political parties, players association and social activists, who were provided an opportunity to express their views in person, have put forth various suggestions and requests to the Government, such as, to allow self regulation by the industry themselves, regulation by the Government, to differentiate real money games and other forms of games, to provide age and money restrictions, to ban advertisements, to prevent money laundering, to provide grievance redressal mechanism and to provide a total ban on online games;

AND WHEREAS it is considered that the issues of online gaming and gambling cannot be dealt with by the old binary of game of chance versus game of skill and a new conceptual framework is needed which incorporates understanding of how information technology operates at basic level, the critical difference between physical and online in general and also between physical and online versions of games;

AND WHEREAS it is an established scientific fact that true random outcome is not feasible in a software and any randomness will depend upon the specific algorithm written by the developer and that audit of the algorithm makes it difficult to detect any hidden algorithm designed to favour the game provider and that overlay of artificial intelligence in the online gaming can make the gaming scenario completely unfair to the game player/customer, with the game service provider / facilitator literally being able to hold all the cards; and that no scientifically validated algorithm for testing of even *pseudo* randomness is available at present;

AND WHEREAS due to the inherent addictiveness by design of the online games and the money being put in by the game players, the complete gaming scenario amounts to an exploitative, addictive service, causing not only health hazards but also social and economic harm of epidemic proportions;

AND WHEREAS many research studies on the effects of online gambling and online gaming addiction on youth, have highlighted negative effects such as development of aggressive behaviour, poor eye sight, reduced concentration, diminished analytical thinking, decreased productivity and hence should be viewed as a potent vice that would affect the long term prospects of the State and its population;

AND WHEREAS the ruining of families and suicide deaths due to online gaming addiction affects public health, disturbs social order and prejudices the maintenance of public order;

AND WHEREAS the Government, after careful consideration of the report of the said Committee, the findings of the survey among school teachers, research studies on the subject, and the views of the stakeholders and the general public, have decided to enact a law to prohibit online gambling and to regulate online games in the State;

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-third year of the Republic of India as follows:-

CHAPTER-I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Prohibition of Online Short title and Gambling and Regulation of Online Games Act, 2022.

commencement.

- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.
 - 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

Definitions.

- (a) "Appellate Authority" means the Appellate Authority established by the Government under section 13;
- (b) "appointed day" means the date appointed under sub-section (2) of section 1;
- (c) "Authority" means the Tamil Nadu Online Gaming Authority established under section 3;
- (d) "geo-blocking" means restricting users from accessing online content, online applications or online services, based on the user's geographical location;
 - (e) "Government" means the State Government;

- (f) "local online games provider" means an online games provider,—
- (i) whose central management and control of the service is in this State; or
- (ii) whose service that is available for access by the customers, is hosted in this State;
- (g) "Non-local online games provider" means any online games service provider who is not a local online games provider;
- (h) "other stakes" means anything recognised as equivalent to money and includes virtual credits, virtual coins, virtual tokens, virtual objects or any similar thing that is purchased within, or as part of, or in relation to, an online game;
- (i) "online gambling" means online wagering or betting and includes playing of any online game of chance for money or other stakes, in any manner.

Explanation.— For the purpose of this clause, wagering or betting shall be deemed to comprise the collection or soliciting of bets, the receipt or distribution of winnings or prizes, in money or otherwise, in respect of any wager or bet, or any act which is intended to aid or facilitate wagering or betting or such collection, soliciting, receipt, or distribution;

- (j) "online gambling service" means a service, for online wagering or betting or for any online game of chance and the customer of the service gives or agrees to give money or put up any other stake for the purpose;
- (k) "online game" means any game, whether or not there are other participants in the game, that is played on an electronic or a digital device and is managed and operated as a software through the internet or any other kind of electronic or other technology for facilitating communication:
 - (I) "online game of chance" includes any online game which,—
- (i) involves both an element of chance and an element of skill and the element of chance dominates over the element of skill; or
- (ii) involves an element of chance that can be eliminated only by superlative skill; or
- (iii) is a game that is presented as involving an element of chance; or
- (iv) involves cards, dice, wheel or such other device, which works on random outcome or event generator;
- (m) "online games provider" means any person who provides a service for the conduct of any online game;
- (n) "online gaming server" means any mainframe computer or set of computers, installed or maintained by the online games provider, that accepts, processes, stores and validates transactions arising out of online gaming, and which manages, monitors and controls the entire system of online gaming;
- (o) "payment gateway" means, a service that authorises a user's transfer of funds between banks or financial institutions to merchants without direct delivery of bank or credit card account information;

- (p) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (q) "regulations" means regulations made by the Authority under section 5:
 - (r) "Schedule" means the Schedule appended to this Act;
 - (s) "State" means the State of Tamil Nadu;
- (t) words and expressions used herein and not defined in this Central Act 21 Act but defined in the Information Technology Act, 2000 shall have the of 2000. meaning, respectively, as assigned to them in that Act.

CHAPTER-II.

THE TAMIL NADU ONLINE GAMING AUTHORITY.

- (1) The Government may, by notification, establish with effect Establishment of from such date as may be specified in the notification, an Authority to be called the Tamil Nadu Online Gaming Authority, to exercise the powers conferred on, and perform the functions assigned to it under this Act.
- Tamil Nadu Online Gaming Authority.
- (2) The Authority shall consist of the following Members nominated by the Government, namely:-
- (a) an officer, who has retired from a post not below the rank of Chief Secretary to the Government - the Chairperson;
- (b) an officer, who has retired from a post not below the rank of Inspector General of Police - Member;
 - (c) an expert in the field of information technology Member;
 - (d) an eminent psychologist Member;
 - (e) an expert in the field of online gaming –Member.
- (3) The Chairperson and Members of the Authority shall receive such salary and allowances as may be determined by the Government.
- (4) The Government may, in consultation with the Authority, provide such officers and employees, as deemed necessary, to the Authority, for the efficient discharge of its powers and functions under this Act.
 - 4. (1) The Authority shall perform the following functions, namely:- Functions of

Authority.

- (a) regulate online games;
- (b) issue certificate of registration to local online games providers;
- (c) identify online games of chance and recommend to the Government, for inclusion in the Schedule;
- (d) oversee the functioning of the online games providers in the State;
- (e) collect and maintain information and data with regard to the activities of the online games providers;
- request the Government to take appropriate action as per the Information Technology Act, 2000, whenever deemed necessary, for the purposes of this Act;

- (g) resolve grievances or complaints received against any online games provider;
- (h) send periodical reports to the Government in such manner as may be prescribed;
- (i) advise the Government on any matter regarding online gaming; and
- (j) perform such other functions as may be prescribed.
- (2) The Authority may constitute such number of committees from among its members, as it deems fit, for the efficient discharge of its duties and performance of its functions under this Act.

Power to make regulations.

- 5. (1) The Authority may, by notification, with the previous approval of the Government, make regulations consistent with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, to carry out the provisions of this Act.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for, —
- (a) time limit, monetary limit, age restriction or such other restrictions in regard to playing of online games; and
 - (b) procedure to regulate its own functions.

Power to obtain information.

- 6. (1) The Authority, or any officer empowered by it, in order to perform the functions conferred on it by or under this Act, may take such steps as may be necessary to obtain any information from any online games provider or online game player.
- (2) The Authority may give directions, requiring any online games provider or person in-charge of any online gaming website, establishment or premises, where any activity relating to online gaming is carried out to furnish such information as deemed necessary.
- (3) The Authority shall, while discharging any of its functions under this Act, have the same powers as are vested in a Civil Court while trying a suit under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, in respect of the following matters, namely:—

Central Act V of 1908.

- (a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person;
- (b) receiving oral evidence on oath or written evidence on affidavits;
- (c) requiring the discovery and production of any document;
- (d) requisitioning of any public record or copy thereof from any court or office;
- (e) issuing summons for examination of witnesses or documents; and
- (f) any other matter, which may be prescribed.

CHAPTER-III.

GENERAL PROHIBITIONS.

- 7. (1) Online gambling is prohibited.
- (2) Playing of online games of chance specified in the Schedule, with money or other stakes is prohibited.

Prohibition of online gambling and of online games of chance.

- (3) No online games provider shall provide online gambling service or allow playing of any online game of chance specified in the Schedule, with money or other stakes or playing of any other online game in contravention of the regulations, in any form.
- 8. No person shall make or cause to make any advertisement in any media including electronic means of communication, in this State, which directly or indirectly promotes or induces any person to indulge in online gambling or play any online game of chance specified in the Schedule, with money or other stakes.

Prohibition of advertisement.

9. No bank, financial institution or payment gateway provider shall Prohibition of engage in any transaction or authorization of funds towards payment for any online gambling or any online game of chance specified in the Schedule.

transfer of funds.

CHAPTER IV.

REGULATIONS FOR LOCAL ONLINE GAMES PROVIDERS.

10. (1) On and from the appointed day, no local online games Registration of local provider shall provide any service for the conduct of any online game except in accordance with the certificate of registration duly obtained from the Authority.

online games providers.

(2) Every local online games provider providing any service for the conduct of any online game, immediately before the appointed day, may continue to provide such service, subject to the general prohibitions contained in Chapter III of this Act, for a period not exceeding ninety days from the appointed day:

Provided that such local online games provider applies for registration under this section within a period of thirty days from the appointed day.

- (3) Every application for registration shall be made to the Authority in such form along with such fee as may be prescribed.
- (4) On receipt of an application under sub-section (3), the Authority may, after making such enquiry as it deems necessary, either issue or refuse to issue a certificate of registration:

Provided that no application for issue of certificate of registration shall be refused, unless a reasonable opportunity of being heard is given to the applicant.

(5) Every certificate of registration shall be issued in such form as may be prescribed, subject to the following conditions, namely:-

- (a) The online games provider shall not provide, any online gambling service or allow playing of any online game of chance specified in the Schedule, with money or other stakes;
- (b) The online games provider shall neither allow nor cause to be allowed to play any online game in contravention of the regulations. (6) The certificate of registration issued under sub-section (5) shall be valid for a period of three years.

Suspension and revocation of certificate of registration.

- 11. (1) If the Authority is satisfied, either on a reference made to it in this behalf or otherwise that—
- (a) the certificate of registration issued under this Act, has been obtained by misrepresentation or fraud;
- (b) the holder of the certificate of registration has failed to comply with the conditions, subject to which the certificate of registration has been issued; or
- (c) the holder of certificate of registration has contravened any of the provisions of this Act, the rules or the regulations,

then, without prejudice to any other proceeding to which the holder of the certificate of registration may be liable, the Authority may, by an order after giving him an opportunity to show cause, revoke the certificate of registration by giving reasons therefor.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where the Authority is of the *prima facie* view that the certificate of registration granted to the online games provider must be suspended, the Authority may, do so for reasons to be recorded in writing, at any time before revoking the certificate.

Appeal.

12. (1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Authority revoking or suspending the certificate of registration under section 11, may prefer an appeal, within fifteen days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, to the Appellate Authority:

Provided that the Appellate Authority, may entertain the appeal after expiry of the said fifteen days period, if it is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not filing it within that period.

(2) The Appellate Authority, after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to the appellant, shall decide the appeal as expeditiously as possible, but in any case not later than one month from the date of receipt of the appeal.

Establishment of Appellate Authority.

- 13. (1) The Government may, by notification, establish an Appellate Authority, which shall consist of a Chairperson and not more than two other members.
- (2) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the Chairperson of the Appellate Authority unless he is a retired Judge of a High Court, or is a person who is qualified to be a Judge of a High Court.
- (3) The qualifications for appointment of the members of the Appellate Authority shall be such as may be prescribed.
- (4) The Chairperson and the members of the Appellate Authority shall receive such salary and allowances as may be determined by the Government.

- (5) The Government may, in consultation with the Appellate Authority, provide such officers and employees, as deemed necessary, to the Appellate Authority, for the efficient discharge of its powers and functions under this Act.
- (6) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Appellate Authority may regulate its own procedure.

CHAPTER-V.

REGULATIONS FOR NON-LOCAL ONLINE GAMES PROVIDERS.

14. (1) No Non-local online games provider shall,—

Restrictions.

- (a) provide any online gambling service;
- (b) allow playing of any online game of chance specified in the Schedule, with money or other stakes; or
- (c) allow playing of any other online game contrary to the regulations,

in this State.

- (2) No Non-local online games provider shall be deemed to have contravened sub-section (1), if he has exercised due diligence or has provided geo -blocking in this State for the purpose.
- (3) For the purpose of sub-section (2), a Non-local online games provider shall be deemed to have exercised due diligence if it had,-
- (a) informed prospective customers that the State prohibits online gambling and playing of certain online games to customers who are physically present in this State;
- (b) required the customers to enter into contracts with an express condition that the customers shall not use the service, if they are physically present in this State;
- (c) required the customers to provide personal details sufficient to establish that they were not physically present in this State;
- (d) obtained data that indicated that the customers were not physically present in this State when the relevant customer accounts were opened and throughout the period when the service was provided to the customers; and
- (e) taken all other reasonably practicable measures to ensure that no person physically present in this State could have access to online gambling service or to online games of chance prohibited under section 7.
- 15. (1) Any Non-local games provider who fails to comply with any of Procedure to the restriction specified in section 14 shall be issued with a show cause notice by the Authority in such form and manner, as may be prescribed, to furnish a reply within such period as may be prescribed. If no reply is received or if the reply received is not satisfactory, the Authority may proceed in accordance with sub-sections (2) and (3).

deal with noncompliance of restrictions.

(2) The Authority shall make a recommendation to the Government to request the Central Government, or as the case may be, the officer specially authorized by the Central Government in this behalf, to exercise the power under section 69-A of the Information Technology Act, 2000 to block access to persons in this State to the service provided by the Non-local online games provider:

Central Act 21 of 2000.

Provided that,—

- (a) the Government may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, refuse to act on the recommendation of the Authority; or
- (b) where the Government accepts the recommendation of the Authority, it shall ordinarily make a request to the Central Government within fifteen days from the date of receipt of the recommendation.
- (3) A copy of the recommendation made by the Authority under sub-section (2), shall be provided to the Non-local online games provider concerned.

CHAPTER-VI.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

Penalty for contravention of sections 7, 8, 10 and 14.

- 16. (1) Any person who indulges in online gambling or plays any online game of chance specified in the Schedule, with money or other stakes in contravention of section 7 or plays any other online game in contravention of the regulations shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both.
- (2) Any person who makes or causes to make advertisement in any media, in contravention of section 8, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to five lakh rupees or with both.
- (3) Any person who provides, online gambling service or any online game of chance specified in the Schedule with money or other stakes or any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1), (2) or (5) of section 10 or section 14 shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine which may extend to ten lakh rupees or with both:

Provided that a Non-local online games provider shall be punished for contravention of section 14, only if the Central Government or an officer specially authorised by it in this behalf, exercises the power Central Act 21 of under section 69-A of the Information Technology Act, 2000.

2000.

- (4) (a) If any person convicted of an offence under sub-section (2) is again convicted of an offence under the same provision, he shall be punished with imprisonment for the second and for every subsequent offence for a term which shall not be less than one year, but may extend to three years and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than five lakh rupees, but may extend to ten lakh rupees.
- (b) If any person convicted of an offence under sub-section (3) is again convicted of an offence under the same provision, he shall be punished with imprisonment for the second and for every subsequent offence for a term which shall not be less than three years, but may extend to five years and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than ten lakh rupees, but may extend to twenty lakh rupees.

17. No Court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act, rules or regulations made thereunder except upon complaint in writing made by a person authorized in this behalf by the Authority.

Cognizance of offences.

18. (1) Any officer specially empowered by the Government, by Power to compound notification in this behalf, may accept, from any person who has committed an offence under sub-section (1) of section 16, by way of composition of such offence, a sum of money not exceeding the maximum amount of fine specified for such offence but not less than fifty per cent. of the said amount.

offences.

- (2) On payment of such sum of money to such officer, the accused person, if in custody, shall be discharged and no further proceedings shall be taken against him in respect of such offence.
- (3) The compounding of an offence under sub-section (1) shall be allowed only once for any person.
- 19. (1) Where an offence under this Act has been committed by a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was in-charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of the company as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Offences by companies.

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he had exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where an offence under this Act has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to, any neglect on the part of any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company including key managerial personnel as defined in the Companies Act. 2013, such director, manager. secretary or other officer including key managerial personnel, shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this section, —

- (a) "company" means any body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and
 - (b) "director" in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm.

CHAPTER-VII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Central Act XLV of 1860.

Central Act 18

of 2013.

20. The Chairperson, every member of the Authority and of the Chairperson, Appellate Authority, officer or any other employee of the Authority and of the Appellate Authority shall, when acting or purporting to act in pursuance of any of the provision of this Act be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

members, officers and employees of Authority and Appellate Authority to be public servants.

Protection of action taken in good faith.

21. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any public servant in respect of anything which is done in good faith or intended to be done in the discharge of his official functions or in exercise of his powers under this Act, the rules, or the regulations.

Act not in derogation of any other law.

22. The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to, and not in derogation, of the provisions of any other law, for the time being in force.

Presumption as to online game of chance and power to amend Schedule.

- 23. (1) For the purposes of this Act, any online game specified in the Schedule shall be presumed to be an online game of chance.
- (2) The Government may, by notification, omit or add any online game in the Schedule, on the recommendation of the Authority and upon issue of such notification, the Schedule shall be deemed to be amended accordingly.

Power to make rules

- 24. (1) The Government may make rules for carrying out all or any of the purposes of this Act.
- (2) (a) All rules made under this Act shall be published in the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette and, unless they are expressed to come into force on a particular day, shall come into force on the day on which they are so published.
- (b) All notifications issued under this Act shall, unless they are expressed to come into force on a particular day, shall come into force on the day on which they are so published.
- (3) Every rule made or notification or order issued under this Act shall, as soon as possible, after it is made or issued, be placed on the table of the Legislative Assembly, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, the Legislative Assembly makes any modification in any such rule or notification or order, or the Legislative Assembly decides that the rule or notification or order should not be made or issued, the rule or notification or order shall, thereafter, have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or notification or order.

Power to remove difficulties.

25. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to any provision of this Act, the Government may, by an order published in the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as may be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiry of two years from the date of the commencement of this Act.

Repeal.

26. The Tamil Nadu Prohibition of Online Gambling and Regulation of Tamil Nadu Online Games Ordinance, 2022 is hereby repealed.

Ordinance 4 of 2022.

THE SCHEDULE.

[SEE SECTION 23]

ONLINE GAMES OF CHANCE

- (1) Rummy
- (2) Poker

(By Order of the Governor)

C. GOPI RAVIKUMAR, Secretary to Government (Legislation), Law Department.