

## विधि (विधान) विभाग

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अधिसूचना

03 दिसम्बर, 2020

**संख्या-एल0जी0-02/2020-388/लेज0--** झारखंड विधान मंडल द्वारा यथा पारित और माननीया राज्यपाल द्वारा दिनांक-19/11/2020 को अनुमत झारखण्ड राज्य भौतिक चिकित्सा (फिजिओथेरेपी) परिषद् अधिनियम , 2020 का निम्नांकित अंग्रेजी अनुवाद झारखंड राज्यपाल के प्राधिकार से इसके द्वारा प्रकाशित किया जाता है, जिसे भारत का संविधान के अनुच्छेद 348 के खंड (3) के अधीन उक्त अधिनियम का अंग्रेजी भाषा में प्राधिकृत पाठ समझा जाएगा।

### **THE JHARKHAND STATE COUNCIL FOR PHYSIOTHERAPY ACT, 2020**

#### **(Jharkhand Act, 09, 2020)**

Physiotherapy is an important part of modern health care system. Patient treatment done by a physiotherapist only by physical means such as ultrasound therapy, heat, laser and exercises.

Physiotherapy and rehabilitation done by a physiotherapist in Polio hospitals, leprosy unit hospitals, T.B. hospitals, districts hospitals. Physiotherapy and rehabilitation done independently by a Physiotherapist in many hospitals ICU for admitted patients as well as physically/mentally challenged patients.

Orthopaedic problems, Leprosy, T.B, Polio, Stroke, and many other Non-Communicable Diseases (NCD) treatments done by Physiotherapy. One can not imagine an ICU set up in a hospital without a Physiotherapist.

Physiotherapy education requires a 4 ½ years of study for bachelor degree and 02 years study for masters degree in many specialization like :-

1. Orthopedic Physiotherapy , 2. Neurological Physiotherapy(Stroke), 3. Cardio-pulmonary Physiotherapy (ICU), 4. Sports Physiotherapy, 5. Gynecological Physiotherapy, 6. Urological Physiotherapy, 7. Community Based Physiotherapy, 8. Hand Physiotherapy, 9. Pediatric Physiotherapy, 10. Geriatric Physiotherapy.

There is no any regulatory body to regulate physiotherapy profession in the state. Therefore:-

An Act to provide for the establishment of the Jharkhand Council for the purpose of coordination and determination of standards of education and of practice in the field of physiotherapy, and for the maintenance of a register of physiotherapists and to curb the fake physiotherapy clinics/centres and physiotherapists in the state, and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

**THE JHARKHAND STATE COUNCIL FOR PHYSIOTHERAPY ACT, 2020****CHAPTER-I**  
**PRELIMINARY**

1. Short, Title, Extent and Commencement
2. Definitions

**CHAPTER-II**  
**CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNCIL**

3. Constitution and incorporation of a Council
4. Term of Office
5. Casual Vacancies
6. Resignation
7. Disqualification
8. Meetings of Council
9. Proceedings of meetings
10. Executive Committee and other Committees
11. Equivalence and Registration Committee
12. Fees and allowances to members of Council, Executive Committee and Equivalent and Registration Committee.
13. Income and Expenditure of Council
14. Appointment of Registration, his duties and functions
15. Other employees of the Council

**CHAPTER-III**  
**FUNCTIONS OF THE COUNCIL**

16. Powers, duties and functions of the council
17. Permission for establishment of new institution, new course of study etc.
18. Non-recognition of qualification in certain cases
19. Time for seeking permission for certain existing institutions.
20. Recognition of qualifications granted by Universities etc. in India or abroad physiotherapy professionals.
21. Effect of recognition
22. Power to require information as to courses of study training and examination.
23. Inspector
24. Withdrawal of recognition
25. Professional conduct
26. Information to be furnished

**CHAPTER-IV**  
**PREPARATION AND MAINTENANCE OF REGISTER**

27. Preparation of Register
28. Removal of names from Register
29. Appeal against order of removal of names from the register
30. Rights and privileges of the registered members

**CHAPTER-V**  
**OFFENCES OF PENALTY**

31. Conferring granting or issuing post-graduate diploma, license etc. by unauthorized person or institution
32. Penalty for act in contravention of provisions of sub section 1 of section 31
33. Cognizance of offence
34. Misuse of title
35. Failure of surrender certificate of resignation

**CHAPTER-VI**  
**MISCEANEOUS**

36. Direction by Government
37. Power to supersede council
38. Protection of action taken in good faith
39. Power to make rules
40. Power to make regulation
41. Power to remove difficulties

**CHAPTER- 1**  
**PRELIMINARY**

1. **Short title, extent and commencement.**

- (1) This Act may be called the Jharkhand State Council of Physiotherapy Act, 2020.
- (2) It extends to the whole of the state of Jharkhand.
- (3) It shall come into force on the date of notification in the official Gazette.

2. **Definitions -** In this Bill, unless the context otherwise requires;-

- (a) "**Appointed Day**" means the date on which the provisions of this Act come into force under sub-section (3) of section 1;
- (b) "**Council**" means the Jharkhand State Council of Physiotherapy constituted under section 3;
- (c) "**Government**" or "**State Government**" means the Government of Jharkhand;
- (d) "**Inspector**" means an Inspector appointed by the Council under section 23;
- (e) "**Member**" means a member of the Council;
- (f) "**Physiotherapist**" means a person who possesses physiotherapy qualification obtained from a recognized institution specified in Schedule II and whose name has been enrolled in the Register of Physiotherapists;
- (g) "**Physiotherapy**" means a branch of modern medical science which includes examination, assessment, screening, interpretation, physical diagnosis, investigation, planning and execution of treatment and advice to any person for the purpose of preventing, correcting, alleviating and limiting dysfunction, acute and chronic bodily malfunction including life saving measures via chest physiotherapy in the intensive care units, curing physical disorders or disability promoting physical fitness, facilitating healing and pain relief and treatment of physical and psychosomatic disorders through modulating physiological and physical response using physical agents, activities and devices including exercises, mobilisation, manipulations, therapeutic ultrasound, laser, electrical and thermal agents and electrotherapy for diagnosis, treatment and prevention;
- (h) "**Prescribed**" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (i) "**President**" means the President of the Council;
- (j) "**Profession**" means the profession of physiotherapy;
- (k) "**Institution**" means any institution recognized by the State Government or the Council, within or outside India, which grants Graduate Degree, Post Graduation Degree or Ph. D in Physiotherapy, as the case may be;
- (l) "**Recognized Institution**" means an institution specified in Schedule I which grants qualification in physiotherapy;
- (m) "**Recognized Physiotherapy Qualification**" means qualification in physiotherapy, obtained from recognized institution of Physiotherapy registered in Schedule I
- (n) "**Register**" means the Register of Physiotherapists, prepared and maintained by the Council under this Act;
- (o) "**Registered Practitioner**" means an physiotherapist, whose name is entered and continues to remain on the register of the Council;
- (p) "**Registrar**" means the Registrar appointed under section 14.

- (q) “**Regulation**” means the regulations made by the Council under section 40
- (r) “**Rules**” means rules made, under this Act;
- (s) “**Schedule**” means Schedule I regarding Schedule-II regarding Physiotherapy appended to this Act;
- (t) “**State**” means the State of Jharkhand;
- (u) “**Vice-President**” means the Vice-President of the Council.

## CHAPTER II CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNCIL

3. **Constitution and incorporation of a Council:-** (1) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, as soon as may be, after the commencement of this Act, constitute a Council to be called the Jharkhand State Council for Physiotherapy.
- (2) The Council constituted under sub-section (1), shall be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal, with powers to acquire, hold or dispose of property, both movable and immovable, and to contract, and may sue or be sued by its corporate name.
- (3) The Council shall consist of the following members, namely:-
- (a) The Director, Health Services, Health Medical Education and Family Welfare Department, Jharkhand, *Ex-officio* member;
  - (b) The Director of Medical Education and Research, *Ex-officio* member;
  - (c) Four members from physiotherapists to be elected from amongst the registered practitioners enrolled in the Register of Physiotherapists:
  - (d) Two members from recognized Physiotherapy teaching institutions, holding teaching post, representing different University of Jharkhand, to be nominated by State Government;
  - (e) Two members from Civil Society /Non Government Organization working in the health sector to be nominated by State Government;

Provided that, the election of the members referred to in clause (c) shall be held at such time and at such place and in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided further that, the first election for the election of the members referred to in clause (c) shall be held within a period of two years from the date of commencement of this Act;

Provided also that, pending the preparation of the registers in accordance with the provisions of this Act, for holding election of those registered members on coming into force of this Act, the members referred to in Clauses (c) may be nominated by the Government till the election and appointment of the elected members.

- (f) Two person from the field of Physiotherapy to be nominated by the Government.
  - (g) Two Physiotherapists from each of the recognised teaching institutions in the State, to be nominated by the Government.
  - (h) Registrar appointed under section 14 shall be the member-Secretary.
- 4) The President shall be elected by the members of the Council from amongst themselves.
  - 5) There shall be one Vice-President, elected by the members of the Council from amongst themselves.
  - 6) A person who holds or who has held, office as the President or Vice-President, as the case may be, shall subject to the other provisions of this Act, be eligible for re-election to that office.
  - 7) If at any election under Clause (c) of sub-section (3), the electors fail to elect the requisite number of members, the State Government shall nominate such registered practitioner or practitioners as it deems fit, to fill up the vacancy or vacancies; and the practitioners so nominated shall be deemed to have been duly elected under this section.
  - 8) Where any dispute arises regarding any election of a member or the President or the

Vice-President, it shall be referred to the State Government, and the decision of the State Government shall be final.

**4. Term of Office:-**

- (1) The Government shall, by notification in the Official Gazette, publish the names of the members, both elected and nominated.
- (2) Save as otherwise provided by this Act, a member whether elected or nominated, shall hold office for a term of five years from the date of publication of the notification under sub-section (1).
- (3) Save as otherwise provided by this Act, the President and Vice-President shall hold the office from the date of their election, till the day on which their term of office as members expires.
- (4) The term of office of an outgoing member shall, notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2), be deemed to extend to and expire with, the day immediately preceding the day on which the names of the successor members are published under sub-section (1).
- (5) The term of office of an outgoing President or Vice-President shall, notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3), be deemed to extend to and expire with, the day immediately preceding the day on which the successor President or Vice-President, as the case may be, is elected.
- (6) An outgoing member shall be eligible for re-election or re-nomination.
- (7) Leave of absence may be granted by the Council to any member for a period not exceeding six months.

**(5) Casual Vacancies:-**

- (1) Any casual vacancy, before the expiry of the term of the office of the President or the Vice-President or of a member elected under Clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 3, caused by reason of death, resignation, disqualification or disability or any other reason, shall be filled by Government by election:

Provided that, any such vacancy in the office of an elected member occurring within six months prior to the date on which the term of office of all the members expires, shall not be filled.

- (2) Any casual vacancy, previous to the expiry of the term in the office of a member nominated under Clauses (d), (e) and (f) of sub-section (3) of section 3 shall be reported forthwith by the Registrar to the State Government, and shall, as soon as possible thereafter, be filled by the State Government by nomination.
- (3) Any person elected under sub-section (1) or nominated under sub-section (2) to fill a casual vacancy shall, notwithstanding anything contained in section 4, hold office only so long as the person in whose place he is elected or nominated, would have held office, if the vacancy had not occurred.

**(6) Resignation:-**

- a. The President or Vice-President may, at any time, resign his office by a notice in writing addressed to the Council and delivered to the Registrar. The resignation shall take effect from the date on which it is accepted by the Council.
- b. An elected member may at any time resign his office by a notice in writing addressed to the President. A nominated member may at any time resign his office by a notice in writing

addressed to the Government. Every such resignation shall take effect from the date on which it is accented by the President or, as the case may be, the Government.

**(7) Disqualification:-**

- a. A person shall be disqualified for being elected or nominated as, and for continuing as, a member, if"
  - i. he is, or becomes of, unsound mind and stands so declared by a competent Court; or
  - ii. he is, or has been, convicted of any offence involving moral turpitude, which, in the opinion of the Government renders him unfit to be a members of the Council; or
  - iii. he is, or at any time has been, adjudicated as an un-discharged insolvent; or
  - iv. his name has been removed from the register and has not been re-entered therein; or
  - v. he is a whole-time officer or servant of the Council.
- (2) If any member absents himself from three consecutive meetings of the Council, without leave of the Council, granted under sub-section (7) of section 4 or without such reason as may, in the opinion of the Council, be sufficient, the Council may declare his seat vacant and take steps to fill the vacancy.
- (3) If any member becomes or is found to be subject to any of the disqualifications mentioned in sub-section (1), the Council shall submit a report to the Government, and the Government, if satisfied about the disqualification, shall declare his seat vacant.

**(8) Meetings of Council:-**

- (1) The meetings of the Council shall be convened in every six months, held and conducted in such manner as may be prescribed.  
Provided that the first meeting of the council shall be held at such time and place as may be appointed by the President.
- (2) The President, when present, shall preside at every meeting of the Council. If at any meeting the President is absent, the Vice-President, and in absence of the President and the Vice -Presidents, some other member elected by the members present from amongst themselves, shall preside at such meeting:
- (3) All questions at a meeting of the Council shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- (4) The presiding authority at a meeting of the Council shall have and exercise a second or a casting vote, in case of an equality of votes.
- (5) One Third member of the total members of the council shall constitute a quorum. When there is no quorum at a meeting, the Presiding Authority shall, after waiting for not less than thirty minutes for such quorum, adjourn the meeting to such hour on some future day as it may notify on the notice board at the office of the Council, and the business which would have been brought before the original meeting had there been a quorum thereat, shall be brought before the adjourned meeting, and may be disposed of at such meeting or any subsequent adjournment thereof, whether there be a quorum present, or not.
- (6) An extra-ordinary meeting of the council shall be convened if a requisition in writing by not less than one-fifth of the total member of the council is made to Secretary.

Provided that atleast seven clear days notice shall be given for convening such meeting.

**(9) Proceedings of meetings:-**

1. The proceedings of the discussion of every meeting of the Council shall be treated as confidential; and no person shall, without the previous resolution of the Council, disclose any proceedings thereof:

Provided that, nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit any person from disclosing or publishing the text of any resolution adopted by the Council, unless the Council directs such resolution also to be treated as confidential.

2. No act or proceeding of the Council shall be invalid merely by reason of-
  - (a) any vacancy in or any defect, in, the constitution of the Council; or
  - (b) any defect in the election or nomination of a person as a member of the Council; and
  - (c) any irregularity in the procedure of the Council not affecting the merits of the case.
3. During any vacancy in the Council, the continuing members may act, as if no vacancy had occurred:

**10. Executive Committee and other Committees:-**

- (1) The Council shall, as soon as may be, constitute from amongst its members as provided in sub-section (2), an Executive Committee and other Committees for such general or special purposes and for such tenure as the Council considers necessary for carrying out its functions under this Act.
- (2) The Executive Committee shall consist of the following members, namely:-
  - (a) The President of the Council.
  - (b) The Vice-President of the Council.
  - (c) Two members of the Council representing Physiotherapists, to be nominated by the President of the Council;
  - (d) The Director of Health Services of the Government or his nominee;
- (3) The President and the Vice-President of the Council shall be the Chairman and Vice-Chairmen, respectively, of the Executive Committee.
- (4) A member of the Executive Committee shall hold office until the expiry of his term of office as a member of the Council and he shall be eligible for re-nomination.
- (5) A member may resign his membership of the Committee by writing under his hand addressed to the President of the committee and the vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as provided in sub-section (2) of section 5.
- (6) The Executive Committee shall exercise and discharge such powers and duties as may be prescribed.

**11. Equivalence and Registration Committee :-**

- (1) There shall be an Equivalence and Registration Committee for the purpose of recommending the recognition of degrees granted by institutions imparting training in Physiotherapy and to consider matters relating to registration of Physiotherapists. The recommendations of this committee shall be subject to approval by the Executive committee and the Council, unless otherwise provided in this Act.
- (2) The Vice-President shall be Chairman of such committee. There shall be five other members nominated by the President of the Council from amongst the members of the Council, representing, educationists and specialists in different branches of Physiotherapy.

**12. Fees and allowances to members of Council, Executive Committee and Equivalence and Registration Committee :-**

Such fees and allowances for attendance at meetings, as prescribed from time to time, shall be paid to the President and Vice-President and other members of the Council, and to the members of its Executive Committee, and Equivalence and Registration Committees.

**13. Income and Expenditure of Council:-**

- (1) The income of the Council shall consists of-
  - i. Registration fees received from the practitioners;
  - ii. Grants received from the State Government, if any
  - iii. Registration fees received by the Council.
  - iv. Affiliation fees received from Physiotherapy Intuitions; and
  - v. Any other required fee decided by the council.

It shall be competent for the Council to incur expenditure for the following purposes, namely:-

- a) salaries and allowances of the Registrar and the staff maintained by the Council;
- b) fees and allowances paid to the members of the Council and the Executive Committee;
- c) remuneration paid to the assessors; and
- d) such other expenses as are necessary for performing duties and discharging the functions under this Act.

3. The Jharkhand State Council for Physiotherapy shall be a self financed organization.

**14. Appointment of Registrar, his duties and functions:-**

- (1) The Council shall, with the previous sanction of the State Government, appoint a Registrar, who shall the qualify Physiotherapists.
- (2) The Executive Committee may, from time to time, grant leave to the Registrar:

Provided that, if the period of leave does not exceed one month, the leave may be granted by the President.

- (3) During any temporary vacancy in the office of the Registrar, due to leave or any other reason. Non-availability of Registrar, the Executive Committee may, with the previous sanction of the Government, appoint any other person to act in his place, and any person so appointed shall, for the period of such appointment, be deemed to be the Registrar for the purposes of this Act:



Provided that, when the period of such vacancy does not exceed one month, the appointment may be made by the President, who shall forthwith report such appointment to the Executive Committee, and the Government.

- (4) The Council may, with the previous sanction of the Government, suspend, dismiss or remove any person appointed as the Registrar, or impose any other penalty upon him;

Provided that, before passing any order under this sub-section, the Registrar shall be given reasonable opportunity of being heard by the Council.

- (5) Save as otherwise provided by this Act, the salary and allowances and other conditions of service of the Registrar shall be such as may be prescribed.
- (6) The Registrar shall be the ex officio Secretary and the Executive Officer of the Council. He shall attend all meeting of the Council, and of its Executive Committee and Equivalence and Registration Committee and shall keep minutes of the meetings and names of members present and of the proceedings of such meetings.
- (7) The accounts of the Council shall be kept by the Registrar, in the prescribed manner.
- (8) The Registrar shall have such supervisory powers over the staff as may be prescribed, and may perform such other duties and discharge such other functions as may be specified in this Act, or as may be prescribed.
- (9) The Registrar appointed under this section shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 (45 of 1860), of the IPC.

**15. Other employees of the Council:-**

- (1) The Council may appoint such officers and servants, as it may deem necessary for performing its duties and discharging its functions under this Act:

Provided that, the number and designation of such officers and servants and their salaries and allowances shall be determined by the Council, with the previous sanction of the Government.

- (2) The other conditions of service of the officers and servants of the Council shall be such as may be prescribed.
- (3) Officers and servants of the Council appointed under this Act shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 (45 of 1860), of the Indian Penal Code and governed by Jharkhand Civil Services Rules.

**CHAPTER III  
FUNCTIONS OF THE COUNCIL**

**16. Powers, duties and functions of the Council:-** Subjects to such conditions as may be prescribed by or under the provisions of this Act, the powers, duties and functions of the Council shall be –

- (a) to determine and co-ordinate the standards of physiotherapy education at all levels;
- (b) to recommend to the Government, the grant of permission to open new institutions or to open new courses of study or, training, under section 17;
- (c) to maintain the registers, and to provide for the registration of physiotherapists in

the State;

- (d) to prescribe a code of ethics for regulating the professional conduct of practitioners in physiotherapy;
- (e) to advise the Government in matters relating to the requirement of manpower in the field of physiotherapy;
- (f) to hear and decide appeals from any decision of the Registrar;
- (g) to reprimand a practitioner, or to suspend or to remove him from the register, or to take such other disciplinary action against him as may, in the opinion of the Council, be necessary or expedient; and
- (h) to hold elections before the expiry of the term of office of the members of the Council or in any case within a period of six months after the date of expiry of such term;
- (i) to exercise such power, perform such other duties and discharge such other functions, as are laid down in this Act, or as may be prescribed.

**17. Permission for establishment of new institutions, new course of study, etc.:-**

(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or any other law for the time being in force, with effect from such date as may be notified by the State Government :

(a) no person shall establish an institution; or

(b) no institution shall,

- (i) open a new or higher course of study or training (including a postgraduate course of study or training) which would enable a student or such course or training to qualify himself for the award of any recognised physiotherapy qualification; or
- (ii) increase its admission capacity in any course of study or training (including a post-graduate course of study or training), except with the previous permission of the State Government obtained in accordance with the provisions of this section.

**Explanation-I-** For the purposes of this section, "person" shall include any University or a trust or a society or an institution but shall not include the Central Government or the State Government.

**Explanation-II-** For the purposes of this section, "admission capacity", in relation to any course of study or training (including post-graduate course of study or training) in an institution, means the maximum number of students that may be fixed by the Government from time to time, for being admitted to such course or training.

- (2) (a) Every person or institution shall, for the purpose of obtaining permission under sub-section (1), submit to the State Government a scheme;
- (b) On receipt of such application the State Government shall, refer the scheme to the Council for its recommendations.
- (3) On receipt of a scheme by the Council under sub-section (2), the Council may obtain such other particulars, as may be considered necessary by it, from the person or the institution concerned, and thereafter, it may,"
  - (a) if the scheme is defective and does not contain any necessary particulars, give a

reasonable opportunity to the person or institution concerned for making a written representation and it shall be open to such person or institution to rectify the defects, if any, specified by the Council;

- (b) consider the scheme having regard to the factors referred to in sub-section (5), and submit the scheme together with its recommendations thereon to the State Government.
- (4) The State Government may, after considering the scheme and the recommendations of the Council under sub-section (3), and after obtaining, where necessary, such other particulars as may be considered necessary by it from the person or an institution concerned, and having regard to the factors referred to in sub-section (5), may approve (with such conditions, if any, as it may consider necessary), the scheme. The approval granted shall be deemed to be permission under sub-section (1).

In case of disapproval of the scheme, the reasons for such disapproval shall be recorded in writing and such decision with such reasons shall be conveyed to the applicant:

Provided that, the applicant may represent to the Government with clarifications for the objections raised by the Government and Government may, after considering those clarifications, grant the permission:

Provided further that, nothing in this sub-section shall prevent any person or an institution, whose scheme has not been approved by the State Government, to submit a fresh scheme and the provisions of this section shall apply to such scheme, as if, such scheme has been submitted for the first time under sub-section (2).

- (5) The Council, while making its recommendations under Clause (b) of subsection (3) and the State Government while passing an order, either approving or disapproving the scheme under sub-section (4), shall have due regard to the following factors, namely :
- (a) whether the proposed institution or the existing institution seeking to open a new or higher course of study or training, would be in a position to offer the minimum standard of education as prescribed by the Council under section 16;
- (b) whether the person seeking to establish an institution or the existing institution seeking to open an new or higher course of study or training or to increase its admission capacity has adequate financial resources;
- (c) whether necessary facilities in respect of staff, equipment, accommodation, training and other facilities to ensure proper functioning of the institution or conducting the new course of study or training or accommodating the increased admission capacity have been provided or would be provided within the time limit specified in the scheme;
- (d) whether any arrangement has been made or programme drawn to impart training to students likely to attend such institution or course of study or training by persons having the recognised physiotherapy qualification, as the case may be;
- (e) whether necessary arrangement has been made or programme drawn to meet the requirement of manpower in the field of practice of physiotherapy, as the case may be; and
- (f) any other factors as may be prescribed.
- (6) Where the State Government passes an order either approving or disapproving a scheme under this section, a copy of the order shall be communicated to the person or the

institution concerned.

- (7) After approval of the scheme by the State Government, the name of the institution shall be included in Schedule I, or as the case may be, in Schedule II.

**18. Non-recognition of qualifications in certain cases :-**

- (1) Where after the coming into force of the Act, any institution is established without obtaining the previous permission of the State Government as provided under section 17, no physiotherapy qualification granted to any student of such institution shall be a recognized qualification for the purposes of this Act.
- (2) Where any institution opens a new or higher course of study or training (including a post-graduate course of study or training) without the previous permission of the State Government as provided under section 17, no qualification granted to any student of such institution on the basis of such study or training shall be recognized qualification for the purposes of this Act.
- (3) Where any institution increases its admission capacity in any course of study or training without the previous permission of the State Government as provided under section 17, physiotherapy, qualification granted to any student of such institution on the basis of the increase in its admission capacity shall be a recognised physiotherapy qualification for the purposes of this Act.

Explanation.- for the purpose of this section, the criteria for identifying a student who has been granted a physiotherapy qualification on the basis of such unauthorised increase in the admission capacity shall be such as may be prescribed.

**19. Time for seeking permission for certain existing institutions :-**

- (1) Any person who has established an institution before the date of coming into force of this Act, shall seek, within a period of six months from the said date, the permission of the State Government, as provided in section 17.
- (2) If such person fails to seek the permission under sub-section (1), the provisions of section 18 shall apply, so far as may be, as if, permission of the State Government under section 17 has been refused.

**20. Recognition of qualifications granted by Universities, etc., in India or abroad physiotherapy professionals:-**

- (1) Any University or other institution in India, which grants qualifications in Physiotherapy and the name of which University or, as the case may be, institutions is not included in the Schedules, may apply to the State Government as provided under sub-section 19(1) to have their names included in the schedules and the State Government, after consulting the Council, may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, amend the schedule so as to include the names of the University or institutions in the relevant schedule and any such notification may also direct that an entry shall be made in the last column of the relevant schedule against the name of such University or institution declaring that it shall be a recognised University or institution, as the case may be, for the purpose of this Act, only after a specified date.
- (2) The qualifications, granted by any University or other institution in India, specified in Schedule I relating to specified in Schedule II relating to Physiotherapy shall be recognised qualifications for the Physiotherapists for the purposes of this Act.

**21. Effect of recognition:-**

- (1) (a) Any qualification in Physiotherapy granted by a University or an institution included in Schedule I and Schedule II, respectively, shall be sufficient qualification for enrolment in the register of Physiotherapists, as the case may be;
- (b) No person shall, after the date of commencement of this Act, be entitled to be enrolled in the register as a physiotherapist unless he holds a recognised qualification: Provided that, in case of a dispute as to whether a person is entitled to be enrolled, the matter shall be referred to the respective equivalence and Registration Committee which shall consider the reference and make recommendations to the executive Committee whose decision shall be final,
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1),-
- (a) a citizen of India holding a qualification which entitles him to be registered with any Council of Physiotherapy in any foreign country, recognised by the Government of that country may, with the approval of the Council, be enrolled temporarily as the case may be, physiotherapist, in the Register till the said qualification is included in the respective schedule.
- (b) a person not being a citizen of India who is employed as a physiotherapy teacher in any hospital or institution in India where such hospital or institution is recognised by the Government of the concerned State or Union Territory, for the purpose of teaching, research or charitable work, may, with the approval of the President of the Council, be enrolled temporarily in the Register, for such period as may be specified in this behalf, in the order issued by the President:

Provided that, such person shall not be allowed to practise as a general physiotherapist and such teaching or work shall be limited to the hospital or institution to which he is attached:

Provided further *that*, no such enrolment under Clause (a) shall be permitted unless the Council satisfies itself that such person possesses the requisite knowledge and skill to practise physiotherapy by conducting a screening test or such other test or examination as may be prescribed.

**22. Power to require information as to courses of study and training and examination:-**

Every authority or institution or University in Jharkhand which grants any recognized qualification, or a recognized higher qualification shall furnish such details and information as the Council may, from time to time, require as to the courses of study and training and examinations to be undergone in order to obtain such qualification, and generally as to the requisites for obtaining such qualification.

**23. Inspector:-**

- (1) The Executive Committee may subject to the regulations, if any, framed in this behalf, appoint such number of Inspectors as it deems necessary to inspect any institution where education or training in physiotherapy is imparted, and attend any examinations held for the purpose of granting any recognized qualification or recognised higher qualification.
- (2) The Inspectors appointed under this section shall not interfere with the course of any examinations but they shall report to the Executive Committee on the suitability of the institution for the purposes of training and on the adequacy of the training therein, or as the case may be, on the sufficiency of the standard of examinations, and on any other matters

with regard to which Executive Committee may require them to report.

- (3) The Executive Committee, after consulting the respective Equivalence and Registration Committee, shall forward a copy of such report to the authority or institution concerned and shall also forward copies with the remarks, if any, of the authority or institution concerned thereon, to the State Government and the Council.

24. **Withdrawal of recognition:-**

- (1) When upon the report by the Executive Committee, it appears to the Council that, -
  - (a) the courses of study, training and examinations to be undergone to obtain a recognized qualification from any University or institution in the State or the conditions for admission to such courses or the standards of proficiency required from candidates at such examinations;
  - (b) the staff, equipment, accommodation, training and other training provided in such University or Institution; are not in conformity with the regulations made under the Act or fall short of the standard prescribed by the Council, the Council shall make a representation to that effect to the State Government. After considering such representation, the State Government shall forward it, alongwith such remarks, as it may think fit, to the University or institution concerned with an intimation of the period within which the University or institution may submit its explanation to the State Government.
- (2) On the receipt of the explanation or, where no explanation is submitted within the period fixed, then on the expiry of that period, the State Government may, after making such further inquiry, if any, as it may think fit, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that an entry shall be made in the Schedule I or II, as the case may be, against the names of the said University or institution and the qualifications conferred by them declaring that the qualification conferred by the said University or institutions shall be a recognised qualification only when granted before a specified date.

25. **Professional conduct:-**

- (1) The Council may, with the previous approval of the State Government, by regulations, prescribe standards of professional conduct and etiquette and a code of ethics for physiotherapists.
- (2) Regulations made under sub-section (1) may specify which violations thereof shall constitute professional misconduct and such provision shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force.
- (3) Whenever the Executive Committee, after such inquiry as it thinks fit, recommends that the name of any person enrolled in the register of occupational therapists or register of physiotherapists be removed there from due to professional misconduct, it shall accordingly report to the Council and the Council shall after such inquiry as it may deem fit, by order, direct the removal of the name of such person from the said register either permanently or for such period as may be specified in the order.
- (4) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Council may prefer an appeal against that order to the State Government in such form and manner, within such time, on such conditions and on payment of such fees as may be prescribed.
- (5) On receipt of such appeal, the State Government may, after giving the person concerned an opportunity of being heard and after consulting the Council, pass an appropriate order

which shall be final and binding.

26. **Information to be furnished:-** The Council shall furnish copies of its minutes, reports, abstracts of its accounts and other information to the State Government whenever called for.

#### CHAPTER IV

#### PREPARATION AND MAINTENANCE OF REGISTER

27. **Preparation of Register :-**

- (1) As soon as and may be after the appointed day, the Registrar shall prepare and maintain thereafter a register of physiotherapists and website of the council in the State of Jharkhand in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (2) The register shall be in such form, and may be divided into such parts, as may be prescribed. The register shall include the full name with (Dr.) prefix, address, date of birth and the qualifications of the registered physiotherapists, the date on which each qualification was obtained, and such other particulars as may be prescribed. Same will be on website of the council.
- (3) Any person who possesses the qualifications from the institutions specified in the Schedules and desires to continue his practise as physiotherapist shall, on an application made in the prescribed Form to the Registrar, and on payment of a fee of rupees five thousand to the Council and on presentation of his degree, diploma, licence or certificate, be entitled to have his name entered in the register for a period of five years from the date on which his name is entered in the register.
- (4) Every registered practitioner shall, on an application made in the prescribed Form to the Registrar and on payment of a fee of rupees two thousand five hundred to the Council be entitled to have his registration renewed for a further period of five years from the date on which his registration is issued or, as the case may be renewed;

Provided that, every renewal application shall be made at least three months before the expiry of the registration:

Provided further *that*, the application for renewal of registration made within a period of one month after the date of expiry of the registration may be renewed after charging additional late fee of rupees one thousand. The applications for renewal of registration received after one month from the date of expiry of the registration shall be treated as a fresh application under sub-section (3).

- (5) Every registered practitioner shall be given a certificate of registration or renewal of registration in the prescribed Form. The registered practitioner shall display the certificate of registration or renewal of registration in a conspicuous place in his dispensary, clinic or place of practice, and if he has more than one such place in any of them.
- (6) Where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Registrar that a certificate of registration or renewal or registration has been defaced, lost or destroyed, the Registrar may, on payment of rupees two thousand five hundred, issue a duplicate certificate in such Form as may be prescribed.
- (7) If He/She possesses membership of any other state council or abroad, He/She should give a no objection Certificate (NOC) from relevant Council.

28. **Removal of names from Register:-**

- (1) If a registered practitioner has been, after due inquiry held by the Council or by the Executive Committee in the prescribed manner, found guilty of any misconduct, the Council may,

- (a) issue a letter or warning to such practitioner, or
- (b) direct the name of such practitioner
  - (i) to be removed from the register for such period as may be specified in the direction; or
  - (ii) to be removed from the register permanently.

Explanation- For the purpose of this section, "misconduct" shall mean -

- (i) the conviction of a registered practitioner by a criminal Court for an offence which involves moral turpitude; or
  - (ii) the conviction under the Army Act, 1950 (46 of 1950), of a registered practitioner subject to military law for an offence which is cognizable within the meaning of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974); or
  - (iii) any conduct which, in the opinion of the Council, is infamous in relation to the medical profession particularly under any Code of Ethics prescribed by the Council constituted under this Act, in this behalf.
- (2) In holding any inquiry under sub-section (1), the Council or the Executive Committee, as the case may be, shall have the same powers as are vested in Civil Courts under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), when trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely:"
- (a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
  - (b) compelling the production of documents; and
  - (c) issuing of commissions for the examination of witnesses.
- (3) All inquiries under this section shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings within the meaning of sections 193, 219 and 228 (45 of 1860), of the Indian Penal Code.
- (4) (a) For the purpose of advising the Council or the Executive Committee, as the case may be, on any question of law arising in any inquiry under this section, there may in all such enquiries, be an assessor, who has been for not less than ten years"
- (i) an Advocate enrolled under the Advocates Act, 1961 (25 of 1961); or
  - (ii) an Attorney of a High Court.
- (b) Any assessor under this sub-section may be appointed either for general, enquiries or for any particular enquiry or class of enquiries, and shall be paid the prescribed remuneration.

## 29. **Appeal against order of removal of names from the register:-**

- (1) Where the name of any person has been removed from the Register on the ground of professional misconduct or any other ground except that he is not possessed of the requisite physiotherapy qualifications, he may appeal to the State Government in the prescribed manner with the prescribed fee, whose decision thereon shall be final.
- (2) No appeal under sub-section (1) shall be admitted if it is preferred after the expiry of a period of thirty days from the date of the order:

Provided that, an appeal may be admitted after the expiry of the said period of thirty days, if the applicant satisfies the Government that he had sufficient cause for not preferring the appeal within the



said period.

**30. Rights and privileges of the registered members:-**

No person, other than a registered practitioner shall,-

- (a) hold office as occupational physiotherapist or any other office (by whatever designation called) in the State Government or in any institution maintained by a local or other authority;
- (b) practice physiotherapy as the case may be anywhere in the State of Jharkhand and recover in respect of such practice any expenses or fees to which he may be entitled;
- (c) be entitled to sign or authenticate any certificate required by any law to be signed or authenticated by an physiotherapist, as the case may be;

**CHAPTER V  
OFFENCES AND PENALTY**

**31. Conferring, granting or issuing post-graduate diploma, license, etc. by unauthorized person or institution:-**

- (1) No person other than an institution recognized or authorized under this Act shall confer, grant or issue or hold himself out as entitled to confer, grant, or issue any degree, diploma, license, certificate or any other like award or which states or implies that the holder, grantee or recipient thereof is qualified to practice the physiotherapy, as the case may be.
- (2) No person other than a physiotherapist whose name is entered in the register prepared and maintained under this Act shall practise physiotherapy system of medical science.

**32. Penalty for act in contravention of provisions of sub section 1 of section 31:-**

- (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 31, and if the person so contravening is an institution; the proprietor of the institute or the Chairperson and members of the Managing Board of the institute who, knowingly or willfully authorises or permits the contravention shall, on conviction, be punished or the trial offence will be done by competent court,-

- (a) for the first offence, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which shall not be less than ten thousand rupees but which may extend to twenty-five thousand rupees; and
- (b) for a second or subsequent offence, with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to five years and with fine which shall not be less than twenty-five thousand rupees but which may extend to fifty thousand rupees;

Provided that, when the contravention is continued after the order of conviction, a further fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, for each day of continuation of such contravention, may be imposed.

- (2) Any person who acts in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 31, shall, on conviction, be punished,"
  - (a) for the first offence, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which shall not be less than five thousand rupees but which may extend to ten thousand rupees; and
  - (b) for a second or subsequent offence, with imprisonment for a term which may

extend to seven years and with fine which may extend to twenty-five thousand rupees;

Provided that, when the contravention is continued after the order of conviction, a further fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, for each day of continuation of such contravention, may be imposed.

**33. Cognizance of offence:-**

- (1) All offences under section 32 shall be cognizable and non-bailable.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, no Court shall take cognizance of an offence punishable under this Act except upon a complaint, in writing, made by a person authorised in this behalf by the Council.

**34. Misuse of the title:-**

If any person not being a registered practitioner takes or uses the description of physiotherapy practitioner, physiotherapist or consultant in physiotherapy or not possessing a recognised physiotherapy qualification, uses a degree or a diploma or an abbreviation indicating or implying such physiotherapy qualification, shall, on conviction, be punished,"

- (a) for a first offence; with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees; and
- (b) for a subsequent offence with imprisonment which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees, or with both.

**35. Failure to surrender certificate of registration:-**

If any person whose name has been removed from the register fails without sufficient cause, forthwith to surrender his certificate of registration or renewed certificate of registration or both, he shall, on conviction, be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees per month of such failure.

## CHAPTER VI MISCELLANEOUS

**36. Directions by Government:-**

- (1) The Council shall carry out such directions as may be issued from time to time, by the State Government, for the efficient administration of this Act.
- (2) If any dispute arises between the Council and the State Government, in connection with the exercise of its authority and in the discharge of its functions by the Council under this Act, the decision of the State Government on such dispute shall be final.

**37. Power to supersede Council:-**

- (1) If at any time it appears to the State Government that the Council or its President or Vice-President has failed to exercise, or has persistently made default in the performance of the duties imposed on it by or under this Act, or has exceeded or abused any of the powers conferred upon it or him by or under this Act, or has willfully or without sufficient cause failed to comply with any direction issued by the State Government under section 35, the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, supersede the Council for such period as may be specified in the notification:

Provided that, before issuing a notification under this sub-section, the Government shall give a reasonable time to the Council to show cause why it should not be superseded and shall consider

the explanation and objections, if any, of the Council.

(2) Upon the publication of a notification under sub-section (1) superseding the Council,

- (a) all the members of the Council shall, notwithstanding that their term of office had not expired on the date of supersession, vacate their offices;
- (b) all the powers and duties which may, by or under the provision of this Act, be exercised or performed by or on behalf of the Council shall, during the period of supersession, be exercised and performed by such person or persons as the State Government may direct;
- (c) all property vested in the Council shall, during the period of supersession, vest in the State Government.

(3) On the expiration of the period of supersession specified in the notification issued under sub-section (1), the State Government may

- (a) extend the period of supersession for such further period as it may consider necessary but which period shall not in the aggregate be more than two years; or
- (b) take steps to constitute a new Council in the manner provided.

**38. Protection of action taken in good faith:-**

No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the State Government, the Council, President, Vice-President, Member, Secretary or any officer or other employee of the Council or of the Government as aforesaid for anything which is done or intended to be done in good faith under this Act.

**39. Power to make rules:-**

- (1) The State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, and subject to the condition of previous publication, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act. Such rules may be made to provide for all or any of the matters expressly required or allowed by this Act to be prescribed by rules.
- (2) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made, before the House of the State Legislature, while it is in session for a total period of thirty days, which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, both Houses agree in making any modification in rule or the House agree that the rule should not be made, and notify its decision to that effect in the *Official Gazette*, the rule shall from the date of publication of a notification in the *Official Gazette*, of such decision have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done or omitted to be done under that rule.

**40. Power to make regulations:-**

- (1) The Council may, with the previous sanction of the State Government, make regulations not inconsistent with this Act and the rules made there under, for enabling it to perform its functions under this Act and generally to carry out the purposes of this Act, by notification in the *Official Gazette*.
- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the forgoing power, such regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:-

- (a) the management of the property of the Council;
  - (b) the maintenance and audit of the accounts of the Council;
  - (c) the registration of Physiotherapists;
  - (d) the rules of procedure for the transaction of business of the Council and its committees;
  - (e) the procedure for appointing Committee, their functions and duties;
  - (f) the qualifications, procedure for appointment of Inspectors, their powers and duties;
  - (g) the courses and period of study or of training, to be undertaken, the subjects of examination and standards of proficiency therein to be obtained in any university or in any institution for grant of recognized physiotherapists qualification;
  - (h) the standards of staff, equipment, accommodation, training and other facilities for study or training of the physiotherapists; the conduct of examinations, qualifications of examiners and the conditions of the admission to such examinations;
  - (i) the standard of professional conduct and etiquette and code of ethics to be observed by physiotherapists professionals under section 25;
  - (j) the manner in which and the conditions subject to which an appeal may be preferred under section 29;
  - (k) the fees to be paid for applications and appeals under this Act;
  - (l) any other matter which is to be, or may be, made by regulation.
- (3) The Government may, by notification, rescind or modify any regulation made under this section and thereupon, the regulation shall cease to have effect or be modified accordingly.

**41. Power to remove difficulties:-**

- (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the State Government may, by order published in the *Official Gazette*, do anything not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, which appears to it to be necessary or expedient for the purposes of removing the difficulty:

Provided that, no order shall be made under this section after the expiry of a period of two years from the date of commencement of this Act.

- (2) Every order made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made, before the House of the State legislature.

**Note :-In case of variation in the English and Hindi version of the Act, the English version of the act shall be Valid.**

**SCHEDULE- I**  
**(See Section 17)**

**SCHEDULE- II**  
(See Section 17)

झारखंड राज्यपाल के आदेश से,

**संजय प्रसाद,**  
प्रधान सचिव-सह-विधि परामर्शी  
विधि विभाग, झारखंड, राँची।

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